Summary Portrait of Ottawa's Black Community in Comparison with the General Population

Based on the 2016 Census.

Prepared by
the Social Planning Council of Ottawa
with data compliments of
the Ottawa and Region Data Consortium

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Key Points

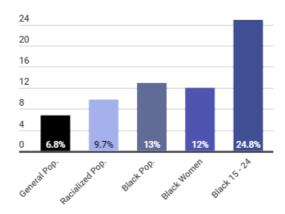
Significant Economic Disparities

Indicator (2016)	General Population	Racialized Population	Black Population
Poverty - below low income measure after tax	12.6%	23.8%	28.4%
Women's poverty (below LIM-AT)	12.8%	23.7%	29.9%
Chlid poverty (aged 0 - 17 below LIM-AT)	16%	28.9%	36.0%
Seniors poverty (aged 65+ below LIM-AT)	9.4%	21.0%	21.1%
In the bottom half of income deciles	38.3%	56.4%	67.3%
In the lowest income decile	9.5%	17.3%	20.3%
Median employment income (2015)	\$41,055	\$29,413	\$23,712

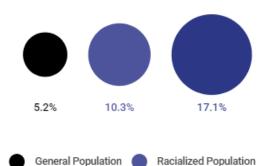
The Black community has much higher rates of poverty and inequitable employment outcomes.

Median employment income compared to the general population: - For racialized residents - 71.6% -For Black residents - 57.8%

Unemployment Rate (2015)



% of the Population Living in the 10 Least Equitable Neighbourhoods





Key Points (continued)

HOUSING

Racialized housing need

Racialized population in population in core apartment buildings of 5 storeys or more

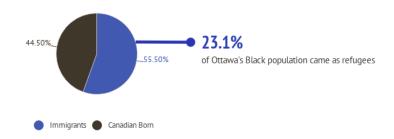


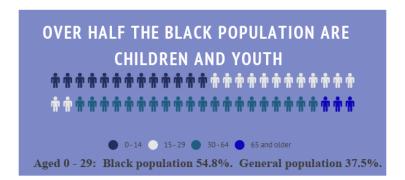


31%

of racialized households are spending 30% or more of income on housing (compared to 23.8%) in the general population.

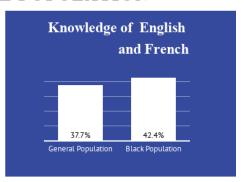
CANADIAN-BORN and IMMIGRANTS





MORE LIKELY TO BE BILINGUAL AND IMPORTANT PART OF THE FRANCOPHONE POPULATION





Summary Portrait of the Black Community in Ottawa Compared to the General Population and the Total Racialized Population, based on the 2016 Census of Population (Statistics Canada)

Prepared courtesy of the Social Planning Council of Ottawa Data courtesy of the Ottawa and Region Data Consortium

Source unless otherwise indicated:

Custom Table from the 2016 Census, Target Group Profile of Visible Minority Population, Parts 1 and 2

Focus	Variable (Data point)	Total Ottawa Population	Racialized Population*	Black Population
0: (5				
	lation and Age Groups population in selected age groupings			
Number of the	Total population	916,855	241,250	60,210
	0 to 14 years	155,435		
	15 to 64 years	629,065		
	15 to 29 years	188,105		
	65 years and over	132,355		,
	85 years and over	12,365	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
Percent of the	population in selected age groupings			
	0 to 14 years	17%	22.4%	26.7%
	15 to 64 years	68.6%	69.0%	67.3%
	15 to 29 years	20.5%	24.8%	28.1%
	65 years and over	14.4%	8.6%	6%
	85 years and over	1.3%	0.7%	0.5%
Median age	Median age	39.5	31.9	26.6
Income and	Poverty			
Number livina i	n low income (below the low income measure af	ter tax)		
J	All ages	115,175	57,300	17,120
	0 to 17 years	30,035	19,000	7,190
	0 to 5 years	9,635	6,000	2,250
	18 to 64 years	72,640	33,980	9,165
	65 years and over	12,505	4,325	770
	Females, all ages	60,255	29,675	9,565
Percent living i	In low income (below the low income measure af	ter tax)		
	All ages	12.6%	23.8%	28.4%
	0 to 17 years (%)	16.0%		
	0 to 5 years (%)	16.3%	I .	
	18 to 64 years (%)	12.2%		
	65 years and over (%)	9.4%		
	Females all ages	12.8%	23.7%	29.9%
Income				
	Median after-tax income in 2015 among recipients (in \$)	\$37,149	\$24,131 (65% of the general)	\$22,883 (61.6% compared to the general pop.)
	Median employment income in 2015 among recipients (in \$)	\$41,055	\$29,413 (71.6% of the general	compared to the general
				pop)

Focus	Variable (Data point)	Total Ottawa Population	Racialized Population*	Black Population
Income deciles	L for economic families (selected)			
moorne deones	Percent in the bottom half of income deciles	38.3%	56.4%	67.3%
	Percent in the top half of income deciles	61.7%	43.6%	
	Percent in the lowest (10th) income decile	9.5%	17.3%	20.3%
	Percent in the highest (1st) income decile	15.7%	8.4%	3.5%
Employment				
1 2 2	Labour Market participation rate: All ages 15+, all genders (2015) (Source 2)	69.7%	70.4%	72.5%
	Labour Market participation rate: Female, all ages 15+ (2015) (Source 2)	66.2%	66.7%	69.8%
	Labour Market participation rate: Aged 15-24, all genders (2015) (Source 2)	75.8%	64.1%	66.8%
	Employment rate (2015): All ages 15+, all genders (2015) (Source 2)	64.9%	63.6%	63.1%
	Employment rate (2015): Female, all ages 15+ (2015) (Source 2)	61.9%	60.3%	61.4%
	Employment rate (2015): Aged 15-24, all genders (2015) (Source 2)	63.3%	50.3%	50.1%
	Unemployment rate (2015): All ages 15+, all genders (2015) (Source 2)	6.8%	9.7%	13.0%
	Unemployment rate (2015): All ages 15+, female (2015) (Source 2)	6.5%	9.7%	12.0%
	Unemployment rate (2015): Aged 15-24, all genders (2015) (Source 2)	16.6%	21.5%	24.8%
Work Activity				
	Percent that did not work in 2015 (e.g. retired) (Source 2)	30.9%	34.3%	34.0%
	Percent that worked full year, full time (2015) (Source 2)	37.6%	30.2%	25.6%
	Percent that worked part year and/or part time (2015) (Source 2)	31.5%	35.5%	40.4%
Self-employed	Percent self-employed	10.2%	10.0%	7.2%
Percent of labou	ur force by occupation - National Occupational 0	Classification (NOC) 2	016	
	0 Management occupations	12.0	8.0	4.3
	1 Business, finance and administration occupations	18.2	15.4	15.3
	2 Natural and applied sciences and related occupations	12.3	15.0	6.3
	3 Health occupations	6.6	9.1	13.4
	4 Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services	16.3	14.5	17.1
	5 Occupations in art, culture, recreation and			
	sport	3.9	2.5	2.5
	6 Sales and service occupations	21.5	27.6	32.0
	7 Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations	7.3	5.9	7.2
	8 Natural resources, agriculture and related		0.4	
	production occupations 9 Occupations in manufacturing and utilities	0.9 1.0	0.4 1.5	0.6 1.2

Focus	Variable (Data point)	Total Ottawa Population	Racialized Population*	Black Population
Percent of labor	our force by Industry - North American Industry	Classification System	(NAICS) 2012	
	11 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	0.4	0.2	0.1
	21 Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas			
	extraction	0.1	0.1	0.1
	22 Utilities	0.3	0.1	0.0
	23 Construction	4.6	2.3	2.2
	31-33 Manufacturing	3.1	3.6	1.7
	41 Wholesale trade	2.4	2.2	1.1
	44-45 Retail trade	10.5		10.8
	48-49 Transportation and warehousing	2.9		4.0
	51 Information and cultural industries	2.8	2.7	2.1
	52 Finance and insurance	3.3		3.2
	53 Real estate and rental and leasing	1.8	1.2	1.2
	54 Professional, scientific and technical			
	services	10.4	9.9	5.1
	55 Management of companies and			
	enterprises	0.1	0.0	0.0
	56 Administrative and support, waste			
	management and remediation services	4.4	5.3	9.0
	61 Educational services	8.2	7.2	8.5
	62 Health care and social assistance	10.9	13.2	20.7
	71 Arts, entertainment and recreation	2.0		1.3
	72 Accommodation and food services	6.7	10.4	8.6
	81 Other services (except public			
	administration)	4.2	4.6	
	91 Public administration	21.0	17.7	15.9
Mode of comm	uting for the employed labour force, by percent	of population		
	Car, truck, van - as a driver	62.7	57.2	49.4
	Car, truck, van - as a passenger	5.7	5.8	4.0
	Public transit	20.6	29.2	39.9
	Walked	7.4	5.6	5.2
	Bicycle	2.6	1.2	0.8
	Other method	1.0	0.9	0.7
Commuting du	L ration for the employed labour force			
	Less than 15 minutes	19.8	17.5	14.4
	15 to 29 minutes	38.1		
	30 to 44 minutes	24.7		
	45 to 59 minutes	10.1		
	60 minutes and over	7.2	9.9	12.4
Time leaving to	r work for the employed labour force			
This isaving to	Between 5 a.m. and 5:59 a.m.	4.3	3.5	4.6
	Between 6 a.m. and 6:59 a.m.	17.2		
	Between 7 a.m. and 7:59 a.m.	29.3		
	Between 8 a.m. and 8:59 a.m.	29.3		17.4
	Between 9 a.m. and 11:59 a.m.	11.6		
	Between 12 p.m. and 4:59 a.m.	12.9		
	Doween 12 p.m. and 4.03 a.m.	12.9	10.0	24.0

Focus	Variable (Data point)	Total Ottawa Population	Racialized Population*	Black Population
Education Le	vel of persons aged 25 to 64			
Highest Educati	lion Level for the population 25 to 64, by percent	of the population		
r lightest Eddeat	No certificate, diploma or degree	6.3	8.8	10.2
	Secondary (high) school diploma or	0.0	0.0	10.2
	equivalency certificate	19.2	16.0	19.5
	Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	74.6		70.3
	Apprenticeship or trades certificate or	7 1.0	70.1	10.0
	diploma	4.3	4.1	7.5
	ii. College, CEGEP or other non-university			
	certificate or diploma	23.3	17.6	25.3
	iii. University certificate or diploma below			
	bachelor level	2.0	3.3	3.8
	iv. University certificate, diploma or degree at			
	bachelor level or above	45.0	50.1	33.7
	iv.a. Bachelor's degree	27.4		19.9
	iv.b. University certificate or diploma above			
	bachelor level	2.4	2.5	2.4
	iv.c. Degree in medicine, dentistry,		-	
	veterinary medicine or optometry	1.1	1.7	0.6
	iv.d. Master's degree	11.9		
	iv.e. Earned doctorate	2.2		1.6
Major Fields of	Study (Top 5 by % of the population)	Business, management, marketing and related support services (11.1%)	Business, management, marketing and related support services (11.9%)	Health professions and related programs (11.3%)
		Health professions and related programs (6.8%)	Engineering (8%)	Business, management, marketing and related support services (10.4%)
		Social sciences	Health professions and	Social sciences (4.8%)
		(5.2%)	related programs (7.6%)	
		Engineering (4.6%)	Social sciences (4.5%)	Computer and information sciences and support services (2.5%)
		Education (3.5%)	Education (2.3%)	Engineering (2.4%)
Where education	on was obtained			
	Percent with location of study outside of Canada	10.2%	23.3%	12.8%
Not in Emple	pont Education or Training (Descent of negative	n agad 15 to 24\		
INOLIN EMPIOYM	nent, Education or Training (Percent of population was aged 15 to 24 not attending school and didnot work in the reference year (2015) Aged 15 to 24 (Source 5)	4.9%	5.9%	6.2%

Focus	Variable (Data point)	Total Ottawa Population	Racialized Population*	Black Population
Language C	culture and Identity			
	official languages			
	English only	59.4%	64.6%	46.8%
	French only	1.4%		
	English and French	37.7%	27.8%	42.4%
	Neither English nor French	1.5%	4.8%	1.5%
Mother tongue	(single response)			
	English	60.9%		
	French	13.8%		
	Non-official languages	21.8%	58.2%	31.6%
Top 5 pop-offic		nlo)		
TOP 3 HOH-OING	1st most common non-official language	Arabic (34,755)	Arabic (29.980)	Somali (6.005
	2nd most common non-official language	Mandarin (18,535)	Mandarin (18,525)	Creole (3,540
	3rd most common non-official language	Spanish (12,070)		
	4th most common non-official language	Cantonese (9,935)	Cantonese (9,930)	
	5th most common non-official language	Italian (9,135)	Persian (6.525)	
			, , (1.320)	, , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Citizenship	Percent Canadian Citizens	93.2%	80.2%	81.2%
Immigrants		00.00/	50.00/	55.50
	Percent of population who are immigrants	23.6%	59.8%	55.5%
Period of immi				
	Before 1981	5.9%		
	1981 to 1990	3.2%		
	1991 to 2000	5.4%		
	2001 to 2010	5.8%		
	2011 to 2016 (Recent immigrants)	3.3%	10.5%	10.9%
Admission cate	Legory and applicant type for those who landed be	L Stween 1980 and 2016	(by % of all immigrants)	
7 tarrii 551011 Cate	Economic immigrants	46.2%	<u>`</u>	23.0%
	Immigrants sponsored by family	28.8%		
	Refugees	23.8%		
	Other immigrants	1.2%		
Activity Limi	itations (Disability)			
Percent of the	population with activity limitations (disabilities) -			
always (Source	e 8) 	12.4%	7.8%	7.9%
Housing and	l Neighbourhoods			
Housing Quality	у			
	Individuals in Housing in Need of Major Repair	5.2%	5.1%	7.1%
	Households** spending 30% or more of			
	income on shelter (by percent of households)			
	(Source 6)	23.8%	31.0%	Not available
	Households** in core housing need (by			
	percent of households) (Source 6)	12.7%		Not available
	** Note: For this section "racialized population visible minority	on" is defined as a not	usenoid with at least one persi	on aged 18+ who is a
O-last 111				
Selected Housi	Ing Types Households** in single detached housing (by	1		
	percent of households) (Source 6)	E 00/	E 00/	Not available
	Households** in apartment building with 5	5.2%	5.2%	Not available
	storeys or more (by percent of households)			
		40.40/	04 70/	Not available
	(Source 6)	18.4%	21.7%	Not available
Neighbourhood	I Equity			
51911250111000	Living in the 10 neighbourhoods with highest	1		
	equity concern (percent of individuals)			
	(Sources 3 and 4)	5.2%	10.3%	17.1%
	<u>'</u>	2.270	13.070	

Sources

Source unless otherwise indicated: 2016 Census Table: Target Group Profile of Visible Minority Population, Parts 1 and 2

Source 2: Statistics Canada, 2016 Census, Table EO2767 Tb 4 -CPP-5B -CDCSD - Visible minority status (14), Age groups (6), Sex (3), Income status in 2015 - CPP (7) and Selected income characteristics (35) for the population 15 years and over with income in private households. Courtesy of Ottawa and Region Community Data Consortium

Source 3: Ottawa Neighbourhood Equity Index

Source 4: Statistics Canada, Census 2016 Table EO3358_ 2016 Semi-Custom Profile of Canada, Census Metropolitan Areas, Census Agglomerations and Census Tracts - Part 1. Compliments of the Ottawa and Region Data Consortium

Source 5: Statistics Canada, Census 2016 Table EO3002, Table 1A - Part 4 Ontario - Age Groups (10), Labour force Status (8), Attendance at school (5), Work activity during the reference year (9), Visible minority and Aboriginal identity status (20) and Sex (3), for the Population 15 Years and Over. Courtesy of the Ottawa and Region Data Consortium

Source 6: Statistics Canada, Census 2016 Table EO3184 Tb5_CDCSD - Home energy spending as % after-tax household income (6), Household home energy expenditures (3), Selected Household Statistics (8), Low Income Status (LIM-AT) (2), Housing Tenure (4), and Selected housing characteristics (22). Courtesy of the Ottawa and Region Data Consortium

Source 7: Statistics Canada, Census 2016 Table EO2823 - TGP Major Repairs - CDCSDDA - Part 1. Courtesy of the Ottawa and Region Data Consortium

Source 8: Statistics Canada, Census 2016, EO3212 Table 44 CD-CSD, part 1 - Target Group Profile - Persons with Activity Limitations, for

Selected Definitions

*Racialized Population

Statistics Canada uses the term "Visible Minority". Visible minority' refers to whether a person belongs to a visible minority group as defined by the Employment Equity Act and, if so, the visible minority group to which the person belongs. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as "persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour". The visible minority population consists mainly of the following groups: South Asian, Chinese, Black, Filipino, Latin American, Arab, Southeast Asian, West Asian, Korean and Japanese.

Income decile

The economic family income decile group provides a rough ranking of the economic situation of a person based on his or her relative position in the Canadian distribution of the adjusted after-tax income of economic families for all persons in private households.

Using data from the 2016 Census of Population, the population in private households is sorted according to its adjusted aftertax family income and then divided into 10 equal groups each containing 10% of the population. The decile cut-points are the levels of adjusted after-tax family income that defined the 10 groups.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Activity Limitatio Statistics Canada uses the term "Activity Limitation", which would be comparable to "disability" in plain language. Activity limitation refers to difficulties a person may have doing certain activities as a result of physical, mental, or other healthrelated conditions or problems.

Core housing ne A household is said to be in 'core housing need' if its housing falls below at least one of the adequacy, affordability or suitability standards and it would have to spend 30% or more of its total before-tax income to pay the median rent of alternative local housing that is acceptable (meets all three housing standards).

Housing standards are defined as follow:

Adequate housing is reported by their residents as not requiring any major repairs.

Affordable housing has shelter costs equal to less than 30% of total before-tax household income.

Suitable housing has enough bedrooms for the size and composition of resident households according to National Occupancy Standard (NOS) requirements.

Only private, non-farm, non-reserve and owner- or renter-households with incomes greater than zero and shelter-cost-toincome ratios less than 100% are assessed for 'core housing need.'

Non-family households with at least one maintainer aged 15 to 29 attending school are considered not to be in 'core housing need' regardless of their housing circumstances. Attending school is considered a transitional phase, and low incomes earned by student households are viewed as being a temporary condition.